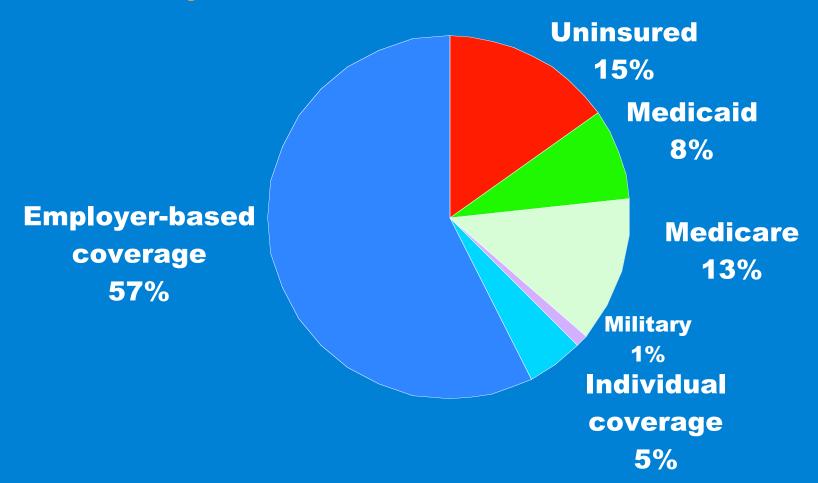
# COVERING THE UNINSURED: What Is The Problem, Why Care?

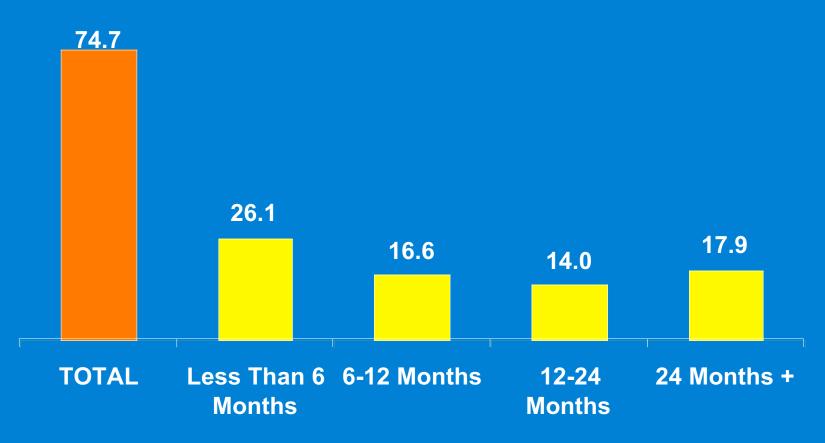
Jeanne Lambrew, Dept. of Health Policy
George Washington University

March 11, 2003

# 41 Million Americans -- About 1 in 7 — Are Uninsured Primary Source of Health Insurance, 2001

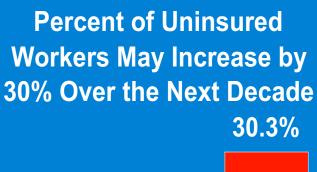


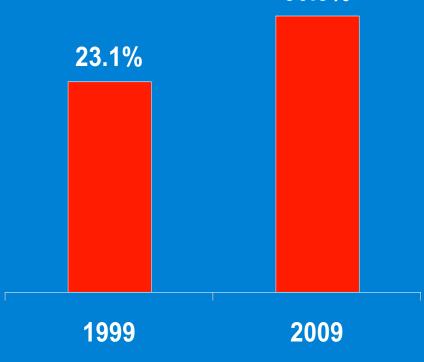
# Nearly <u>Twice</u> As Many Had A Gap In Coverage Over 2 Years Number of Uninsured in Millions, 2001-02



## Number of Uninsured Is Growing

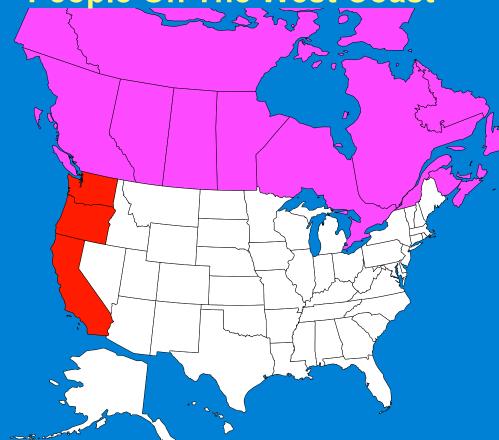
- Uninsured rose by 1.4 million in 2001
- Erosion of employer coverage may worsen problem, even with economic recovery
- States are cutting back on public coverage
  - 1 to 2 million low-income people may lose Medicaid/ Children's Health Insurance Program coverage





### Is 41 Million Uninsured A Lot?

More Than Canada's Population, People On The West Coast



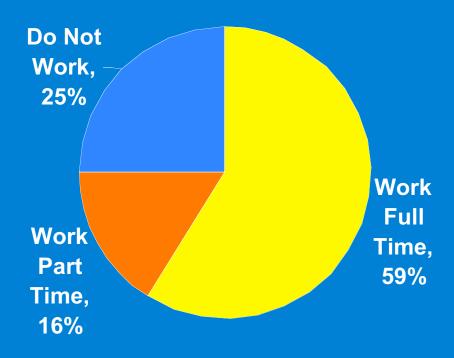
#### 41 Million Is:

- More than:
  - All Elderly Americans
  - All African Americans
- 5 times more than the number of Americans with cancer
- 40 times more than the number of Americans with HIV/AIDS

### Who Are The Uninsured

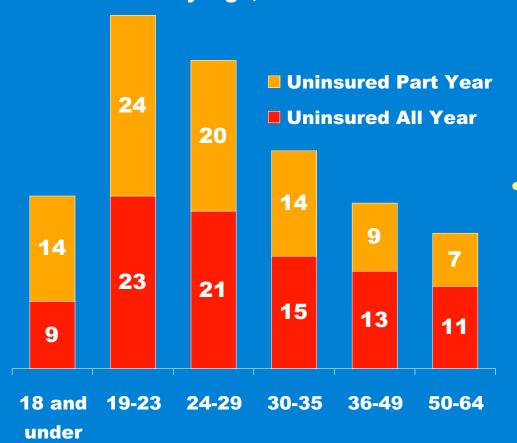
- Most work
- Most have low income -but fastest growth is among those with higher income
- Disproportionately Hispanic
  - Nearly \_ of all Hispanics uninsured during the year
- Concentrated in the South, West

**Uninsured Adults (18-64) By Work Experience, 2001** 



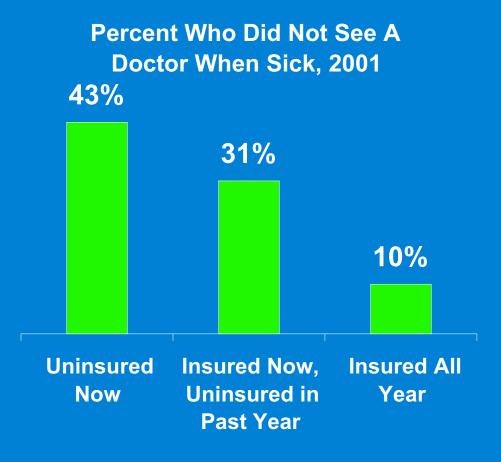
### Young Adults At Greatest Risk

Percent Who Are Uninsured By Age, 2000



- Students better off, but still at a higher risk of being uninsured
  - 18% of full-time students
  - 36% of other young adults
- Uninsured young adults (ages 19-29) have problems
  - 53% have access problems due to cost
  - 52% unable to pay medical bill, contacted by collection agency, changed way of life to pay bills

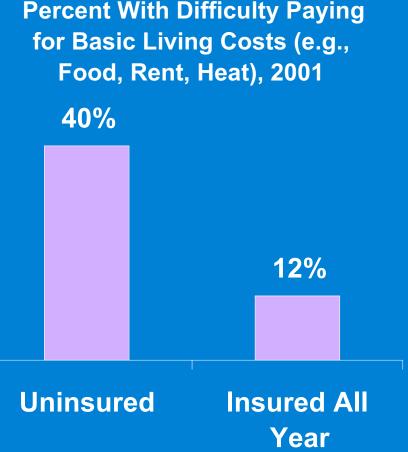
# WHY CARE Affects Health and Access to Health Care



- 18,000 uninsured adults die each year because they didn't get proper care
- Risk of death for uninsured people with cancer is 50% higher

## Causes Individual Financial Hardship

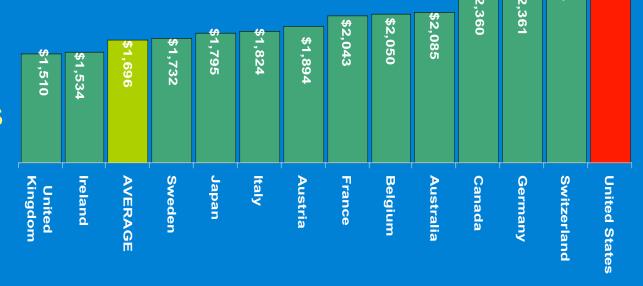
- Uninsured paid on average \$1,200 for health care in 1999 – a significant proportion of income for some
- Health costs are a major source of debt
  - Medical bills accounted for 40 percent of personal bankruptcy
  - Major source of credit card debt



# Causes Broader Financial Hardship

• \$35 billion in uncompensated care in the system

 Hurts global competitiveness



Sources: Hadley and Holahan, 2003

Notes: Health expenditure per capita expressed in economy-wide purchasing power parity, United States dollars. OECD country average, weighted average for 19 OECD countries that have a relatively complete set of data. Source: *Health at a Glance*. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Table 4.1, page 83

\$4,165

\$2,853

### Affects Society's Potential

#### **Uninsured Workers Are:**

- More likely to miss work
- Less likely to use preventive services, exercise regularly
- Less likely to receive appropriate care for chronic illness

#### **Uninsured Children Are:**

- 25% more likely to miss school
- 3 times more likely to not get needed medications, glasses or mental health care
- Less likely to play sports

#### WHAT CAUSES THIS PROBLEM?

- Lack of Access
  - Not all Americans have access to affordable health insurance
- Lack of Affordability
  - The cost of insurance is often prohibitive
- Complexity and Size of the System
- Lack of Political Consensus