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#### Covid-19 Clinical Update 3/19/2020

George Washington University

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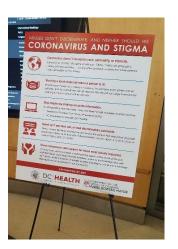
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## COVID-19: UPDATE

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GW DIVISION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
3/19/2020

- 1. EPIDEMIOLOGY
- 2. TREATMENT
- 3. PREVENTION
- 4. GW UPDATES



# **EPIDEMIOLOGY**



Coronavirus COVID-19 Global Cases by the Center for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE) at Johns Hopkins University (JHU)

Total Recovered

**Total Confirmed** 222,643

Confirmed Cases by Country/Region/Sovereignty

China

Italy

Iran

Spain

Germany

US

France

Korea, South

Switzerland

United Kingdom

Netherlands

Austria

Belgium

Norway

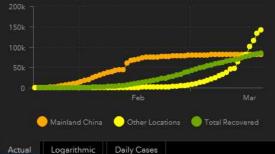
Country/Region/Sovereignty

Last Updated at (M/D/YYYY) 3/19/2020, 10:33:08 AM

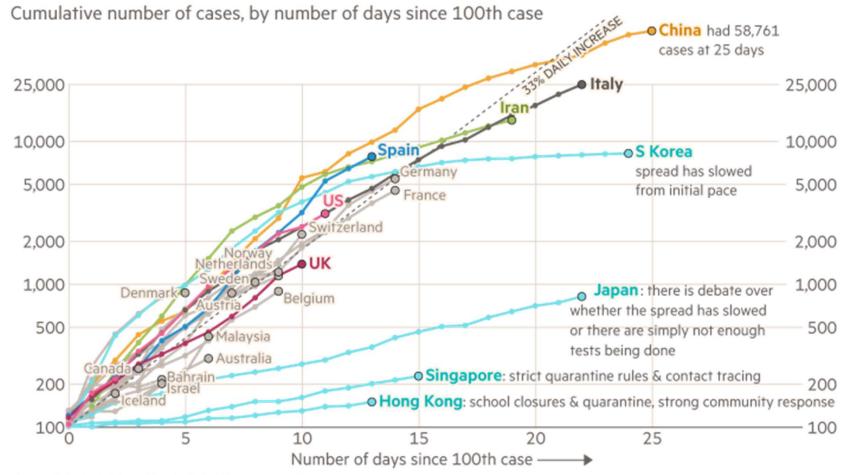


9,115 3.130 deaths 57.682 recovered Hubei China **Hubei** China 5,710 recovered 2,978 deaths Iran 1,284 deaths Italy 640 deaths Spain Korea, South 243 deaths France France **Guangdong China** 103 deaths Henan China **United Kingdom** United Kingdom 91 deaths Zhejiang China Korea, South

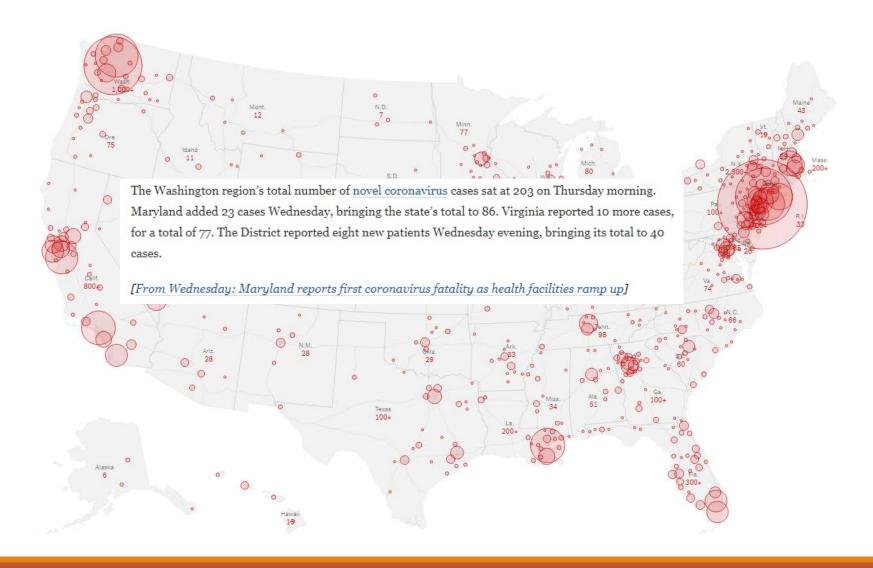
Total Deaths



Daily Cases



FT graphic: John Burn-Murdoch / @jburnmurdoch Source: FT analysis of Johns Hopkins University, CSSE. Data updated March 15, 17:00 GMT © FT



# TREATMENT

## **EXPERT RECOMMENDATIONS**

ACR: Use of CT Chest in evaluation of suspected COVID-19 "Usually Not Appropriate"

https://www.acr.org/Advocacy-and-Economics/ACR-Position-Statements/Recommendations-for-Chest-Radiography-and-CT-for-Suspected-COVID19-Infection



## EXPERT RECOMMENDATIONS

#### News

Covid-19: ibuprofen should not be used for managing symptoms, say doctors and scientists

BMJ 2020; 368 doi: https://doi.org/10.1136/bmj.m1086 (Published 17 March 2020) Cite this as: BMJ 2020;368:m1086

Read our latest coverage of the coronavirus outbreak

## Kaletra (lopinavir/ritonavir)

#### Background:

- Associated with decreased risk (2.8% vs 28.5%) of progression to severe respiratory illness in a small retrospective study for SARS in 2003. Historical controls.
- Case report data on SARS-CoV-2.

#### Study Design:

- RCT open-label enrolling 199 patients, 1:1 randomization
- Hospitalized adult patients with confirmed SARS-CoV-2, SpO2 <95%</li>
- Standard of care ± lopinavir/ritonavir 400/100 mg BID x 14 days
- Primary end point: time to clinical improvement

#### Key Findings:

- Time to clinical improvement similar HR 1.24; 95% CI, 0.90 to 1.72
  - Intent-to-treat analysis: HR 1.39; 95% CI, 1.00 to 1.91
- Mortality at 28 days similar 19.2% vs. 25.0%; 95% Cl, −17.3 to 5.7
- Detectable RNA levels similar
- GI adverse events higher in intervention arm
- Drug stopped early in 13.8% of patients due to adverse events

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

#### A Trial of Lopinavir–Ritonavir in Adults Hospitalized with Severe Covid-19

B. Cao, Y. Wang, D. Wen, W. Liu, Jingli Wang, G. Fan, L. Ruan, B. Song, Y. Cai, M. Wei, X. Li, J. Xia, N. Chen, J. Xiang, T. Yu, T. Bai, X. Xie, L. Zhang, C. Li, Y. Yuan, H. Chen, Huadong Li, H. Huang, S. Tu, F. Gong, Y. Liu, Y. Wei, C. Dong, F. Zhou, X. Gu, J. Xu, Z. Liu, Y. Zhang, Hui Li, L. Shang, K. Wang, K. Li, X. Zhou, X. Dang, Z. Qu, S. Lu, X. Hu, S. Ruan, S. Luo, J. Wu, L. Peng, F. Cheng, L. Pan, J. Zou, C. Jia, Juan Wang, X. Liu, S. Wang, X. Wu, Q. Ge, J. He, H. Zhan, F. Qiu, L. Guo, C. Huang, T. Jaki, F.G. Hayden, P.W. Horby, D. Zhang, and C. Wang

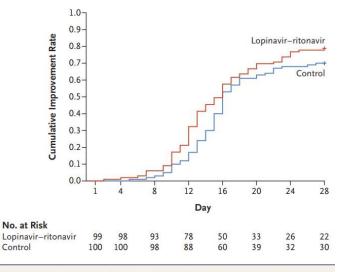


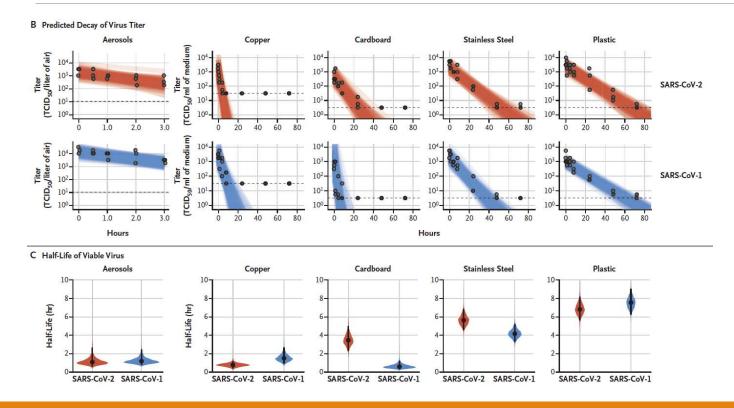
Figure 2. Time to Clinical Improvement in the Intention-to-Treat Population.

# Treatment Updates: ACEs/ARBs

Society	Summary of recommendations	Last Statement Update
European Society of Hypertension	Recommend continuing ACEis/ARBs due to lack of evidence to	March 12, 2020
	support differential use in COVID-19 patients. In those with severe symptoms or sepsis, antihypertensive decisions should be	
	made on a case-by-case basis taking into account current	
	guidelines	14 2 2000
European Society of Cardiology	Strongly encourage continuing ACEis/ARBs due to lack of	March 13, 2020
Council on Hypertension	evidence to support discontinuing	
Hypertension Canada	Recommend continuing ACEis/ARBs due to lack of evidence that	March 13, 2020
	patients with hypertension or those treated with ACEis/ARBs are	
	at higher risk of adverse outcomes from COVID-19 infection	
Canadian Cardiovascular Society	Strongly encourage continuing ACEis/ARBs and Angiotensin	March 15, 2020
	Receptor Neprilysin Inhibitors due to a lack of clinical evidence to	
	support withdrawal of these agents	
The Renal Association, United	Strongly encourage continuing ACEis/ARBs due to unconvincing	March 15, 2020
Kingdom	evidence that these medications increase risk	
International Society of	Strongly recommend that the routine use of ACEis/ARBs to treat	March 16, 2020
Hypertension .	hypertension should not be influenced by concerns about	
	COVID-19 in the absence of compelling data that ACEis/ARBs	
	either improve or worsen susceptibility to COVID-19 infection	
	nor do they affect the outcomes of those infected	
American College of Physicians	Encourage continuing ACEis/ARBs because there is no evidence	March 16, 2020
	linking them to COVID-19 disease severity, and discontinuation	
	of antihypertensive therapy without medical indication could in	
	some circumstances result in harm	
Spanish Society of Hypertension	Recommend that ACEis/ARBs should not be empirically stopped	March 16, 2020
	in patients who are already taking them; in seriously ill patients,	
	changes should be made on a case-by-case basis	
American Heart Association,	Recommend continuing ACEis/ARBs for all patients already	March 17, 2020
Heart Failure Society of America,	prescribed them	PARTICIPATE PRODUCTION OF THE STATE OF THE S
American College of Cardiology	15	
European Renal Association -	Recommend continuing ACEis/ARBs in COVID-19 infection	March 17, 2020
European Dialysis and Transplant	patients due to a lack of evidence to support differential use and	
Association	the discontinuation of ACEis/ARBs in COVID-19 patients	
American Society of Pediatric	Strongly recommend continuing ACEis/ARBs until new evidence	March 17, 2020
Nephrology	to the contrary becomes available	
High Blood Pressure Research	Recommend continuing routine use of ACEis/ARBs. Patients	March 18, 2020
Council of Australia	should not cease blood pressure lowering medications unless	erus ya da da da da 🖈 da
Council of Australia	SHOULD HOL CEASE DIOOD DIESSULE IOWEITING HIEULGHOUS HITESS	

# PREVENTION

## Prevention Updates

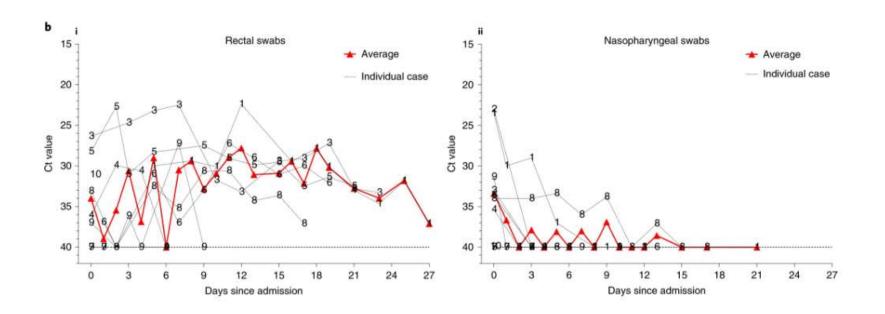


## Prevention Updates

#### nature medicine

Brief Communication | Published: 13 March 2020

Characteristics of pediatric SARS-CoV-2 infection and potential evidence for persistent fecal viral shedding







# GW UPDATE